



Board Report

File #: 2016-0731, File Type: Project

Agenda Number: 53

PLANNING AND PROGRAMMING COMMITTEE

NOVEMBER 16, 2016

CONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE

NOVEMBER 17, 2016

SUBJECT: AIRPORT METRO CONNECTOR 96TH STREET TRANSIT STATION PROJECT

ACTION: CERTIFY FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT AND RELATED ACTIONS

RECOMMENDATION

CONSIDER:

- A. APPROVING the **Airport Metro Connector (AMC) 96th Street Transit Station Project** which will add a new Metro rail station to the Crenshaw/LAX Line at 96th Street;
- B. CERTIFYING the Final Environmental Impact Report (Final EIR). Attachment A contains the Project Overview. The Final EIR is available upon request or at www.metro.net/projects/lax-extension <<http://www.metro.net/projects/lax-extension>>;
- C. ADOPTING the:
 - 1. Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan (MMRP) (Attachment B); and
 - 2. Findings of Fact (Attachment C)
- D. AUTHORIZING the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) to file the Notice of Determination (NOD) (Attachment D) with the Los Angeles County Clerk and State of California Clearinghouse; and
- E. RECEIVING AND FILING the quarterly project status report including architectural and engineering design services and coordination with the Los Angeles World Airports (LAWA) and the Crenshaw/LAX Project, as directed by the Metro Board in July 2014 (Attachment E).

ISSUE

Metro staff coordinated extensively with the Crenshaw/LAX and Southwestern Yard projects as well as LAWA's Landside Access Modernization Program (LAMP) in preparing the EIR for the Project. The

Project will provide an improved connection between the regional transit system and LAX as well as the surrounding area. With Metro as the lead agency, the Metro Board must approve the Project and certify the Final EIR; adopt the MMRP and Findings of Fact; and authorize the CEO to file the NOD. The Project is one of the 12 transit projects in Measure R and is included in Measure M on the November 8th ballot.

The Board is also being requested to receive and file the quarterly status report on the Project including updates on the architectural and engineering design services and coordination with the LAWA and the Crenshaw/LAX Project.

DISCUSSION

Background

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires that the lead agency balance, as applicable, the economic, social, technological, and other benefits of the project against its unavoidable impacts when considering project approval. CEQA Guidelines Section 15091(a) states that if the specific economic, legal, social, technological or other benefits of the project outweigh the unavoidable adverse effects, those effects may be considered acceptable. The Final EIR determined that the Project would not cause any significant unavoidable impacts. The one potentially significant impact is associated with hazardous soil conditions at the Project site. This can be mitigated to less than significant levels with incorporation of mitigations.

Sections 21086.6 and 21081 of the California Public Resources Code require that public agencies approving a project with an EIR adopt an MMRP and Findings of Fact. The purpose of the MMRP is to ensure that the mitigation measures identified in the Final EIR that mitigate the potentially significant environmental effects of the Project are, in fact, properly carried out. The Lead Agency must also include a Findings of Fact that a MMRP has been prepared and provides a satisfactory program that would ensure avoidance or sufficient reduction of the significant effects of the project. Metro staff is responsible for assuring full compliance with the provisions of the MMRP and Findings of Fact.

In June 2014, the Board approved the AMC 96th Street Transit Station as the preferred alternative for connecting the Metro rail system to LAX and staff initiated work on the Draft EIR. In July 2014, the Board authorized the design and construction of accommodations on the Crenshaw/LAX line so as not to impact the operation of that Line. In July 2015, the Board awarded the architectural and engineering design services contract for the station.

Community Outreach

A community outreach program was conducted throughout the environmental planning phase of the Project. The Public Scoping meeting was held on February 23, 2015 to initiate the public engagement process. The Draft EIR was released on June 22, 2016 for a 46-day public review period (June 22, 2016 to August 6, 2016). The public hearing to accept comments on the Draft EIR was held on July 13, 2016 with 45 community members and stakeholders in attendance. During the public hearing, 10 attendees provided public testimony on topics including the future of the LAX City

Bus Center, impacts to Metro Green Line service and stations, Arbor Vitae Street at-grade railroad crossing, parking in neighboring communities, project funding, bicycle access to the station, and escalator and elevators capacities. The public comment period closed on August 6, 2016 with 74 comments received via letters, Facebook, Twitter and email. Copies of all public testimony and comments, along with responses, have been included in the Final EIR. Following the release of the Final EIR, notices were sent to those who commented on the Draft EIR.

Coordination with LAWA

Staff worked extensively with LAWA representatives to coordinate the respective environmental efforts for both the Project and LAMP, which are on parallel schedules. LAWA provided Metro with existing and projected traffic data to help ensure that both the separate and independent projects are fully synchronized. Staff consulted with LAWA staff on public comments related to LAWA's LAMP which were submitted as part of the Project Draft EIR review period. On September 15, 2016, LAWA released its Draft EIR for the LAMP for a 45-day public review period and held two public hearings to accept comments on October 15 and October 19, 2016. The public comment period is scheduled to close on November 15, 2016.

Project Definition

The Project components, as described below, would be linked together by a continuous system of elevated walkways.

- Three LRT platforms would be located at the southwestern portion of the project site to serve the Crenshaw/LAX Line and a northern service extension of the Metro Green Line;
- A bus facility would include up to 20 active bus bays and up to 18 layover bus bays. The bus plaza will consolidate 13 Metro and municipal bus routes currently serving the LAX City bus center and/or the Aviation/LAX Transit center. The bus plaza would include pedestrian amenities such as restrooms, a lounge for bus operators, and other support services;
- A bicycle hub would accommodate up to 150 bicycles in a secure, indoor environment. Additional space for up to 50 bicycles would be provided for short-term parking. Amenities associated with the bicycle hub may include a repair area, a multi-use space, showers and lockers;
- A passenger pick-up and drop-off area would be provided for passengers arriving and departing by automobile; and
- A Metro Hub would link the multiple modes of transit on the second level of the Project. It would serve as the area of transition for all passengers. The design is exploring the inclusion of a security office, food/beverage/convenience/retail kiosk-type spaces, passenger amenities, artwork and information.

Quarterly Status Update

Architectural and Engineering Design Services

Work continues on the schematic design that was initiated in July 2016. Staff continues to work with LAWA on coordinating the Project elements and station design guidelines as identified in the

approved June 2014 Metro Board motion (Attachment F) with their Automated People Mover which is on a parallel design and environmental clearance path.

Crenshaw/LAX Design Accommodations

In June 2016, the Board approved issuing a Contract Modification for Walsh/Shea Corridor Constructors (WSCC) to begin construction of the AMC accommodations in an amount not to exceed \$7,400,000. Currently, the civil design is 100% complete, systems design is 90% complete and train control design is approximately 55% complete. The contractor has begun construction of the accommodations on the Crenshaw/LAX line. Staff continues to negotiate with WSCC to reach an agreement on schedule and cost impacts of the accommodations. Staff will return to the Board for change authorization when the direct costs and time impact negotiations are complete. In addition to the design and construction costs, there will be Metro administrative and construction management costs associated with any schedule impacts.

Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program (TIRCP) Grants

In April 2016, staff submitted an application for a TIRCP grant for the Project. In August, 2016, the California State Transportation Agency announced the award of \$40 million in TIRCP funds to the Project. The TIRCP program is funded by Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund proceeds under the Cap and Trade Program.

DETERMINATION OF SAFETY IMPACT

The development of the Project followed Metro adopted policies. The approval will have no impact on the safety of our customers and/or employees.

FINANCIAL IMPACT

The FY17 budget includes \$1,930,000 for the Project in Cost Center 4350 (Transit Corridors Planning), Project 460303 (AMC), Account 50316 (Professional Services). Since this is a multi-year contract, the cost center manager and the Chief Planning Officer, Countywide Planning, will be accountable for budgeting the cost in future years.

Impact to Budget

The source of funds is Measure R 35% Transit Capital dollars specifically earmarked for the Project. As such, there is no impact to bus and rail capital or operating dollars. In addition, Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) and TIRCP, as part of the Cap-and-Trade Program, funding is also available for this project. The CMAQ funds were previously approved by the Metro Board and are included in approved grants. For this reason, the CMAQ funds cannot be redirected to bus or rail capital or operating uses. TIRCP funds were competitively allocated by the State of California specifically for the AMC project.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

The Board could defer approving the Project, certifying the Final EIR, and adopting the MMRP and Findings of Fact. This alternative is not recommended as it would impact the schedule and would not be consistent with prior Board direction to accelerate completion of the Project.

NEXT STEPS

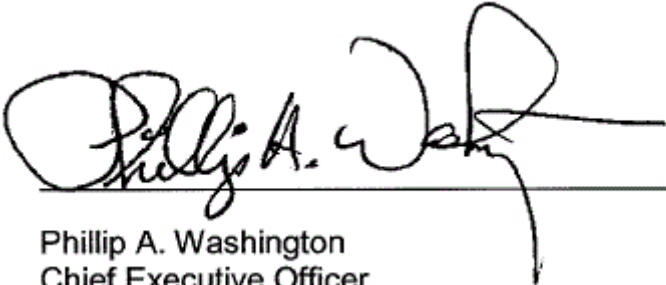
Upon Board approval, staff will file the NOD with the Los Angeles County Clerk and the State of California Clearinghouse. Staff will continue working with the Federal Transit Administration to prepare the Categorical Exclusion (CE) for the Project in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act. Staff anticipates completing the CE in early 2017. Staff will also work with the state to execute the TIRCP grant agreement. Staff will continue to closely coordinate with LAWA staff and the Crenshaw/LAX project on station design and pre-construction activities.

ATTACHMENTS

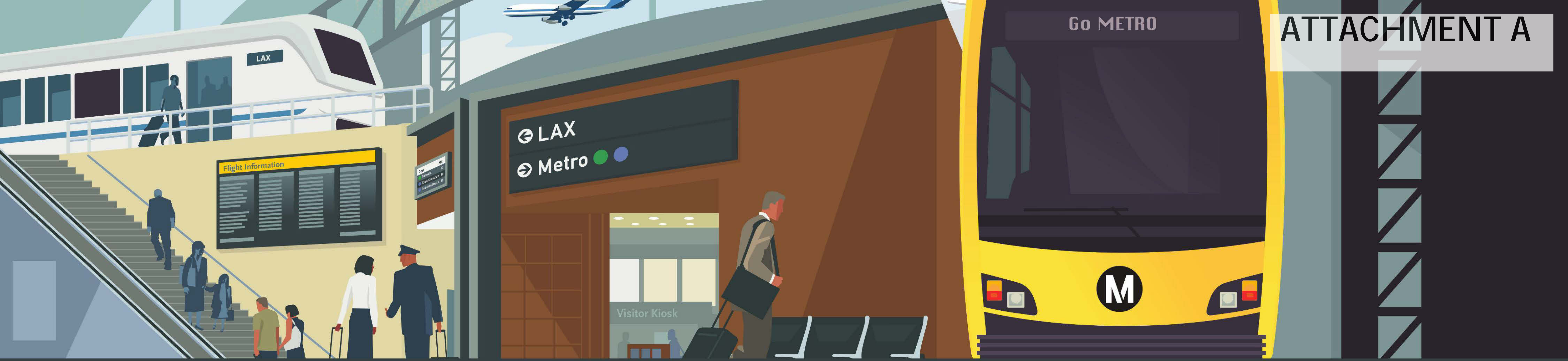
- Attachment A - Project Overview
- Attachment B - Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program
- Attachment C - Findings of Fact
- Attachment D - Notice of Determination
- Attachment E - July 2014 Metro Board Motion
- Attachment F - June 2014 Metro Board Motion

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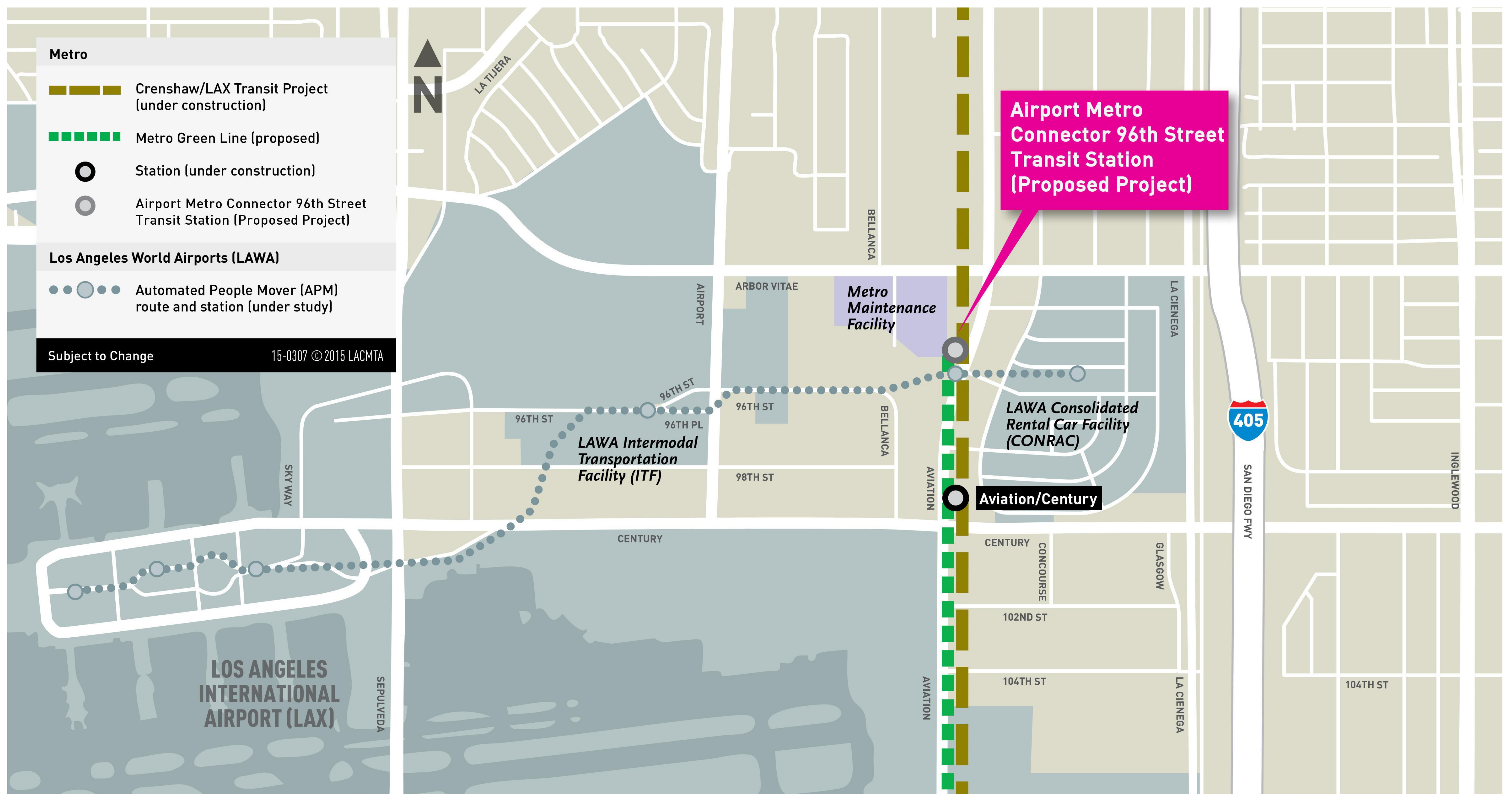
Project Overview

- June 26, 2014: Metro Board approved a new station on Crenshaw/LAX Line at 96th Street/Aviation Boulevard as Locally Preferred Alternative.
 - Staff initiated work on Draft Environmental Impact Report (EIR)
- February 6, 2015: Notice of Preparation (NOP) issued for the Draft EIR
- February 23, 2015: Public Scoping Meeting held for public input on the project and EIR process
- June 22, 2016: Draft EIR released for 46-day public review period (June 22, 2016 to August 6, 2016)
 - Email blasts and "Take One" notices sent to 1000 contacts and 1400 stakeholders
 - 21 online and print ads placed in multiple sources
 - Hard and electronic copies of Draft EIR provided to eight local public libraries
 - July 13, 2015: Held Public Hearing to accept comments on the Draft EIR
- August 6, 2016: End of Public Comment Period with 74 comments received via letters, Facebook, Twitter, project hotline and email
- November 2, 2016: Released Final EIR
- Ongoing coordination with:
 - Los Angeles World Airports (LAWA)
 - Municipal Bus Operators
 - Crenshaw/LAX Project Team
 - Southwestern Maintenance Yard
- Community Outreach



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Project Overview

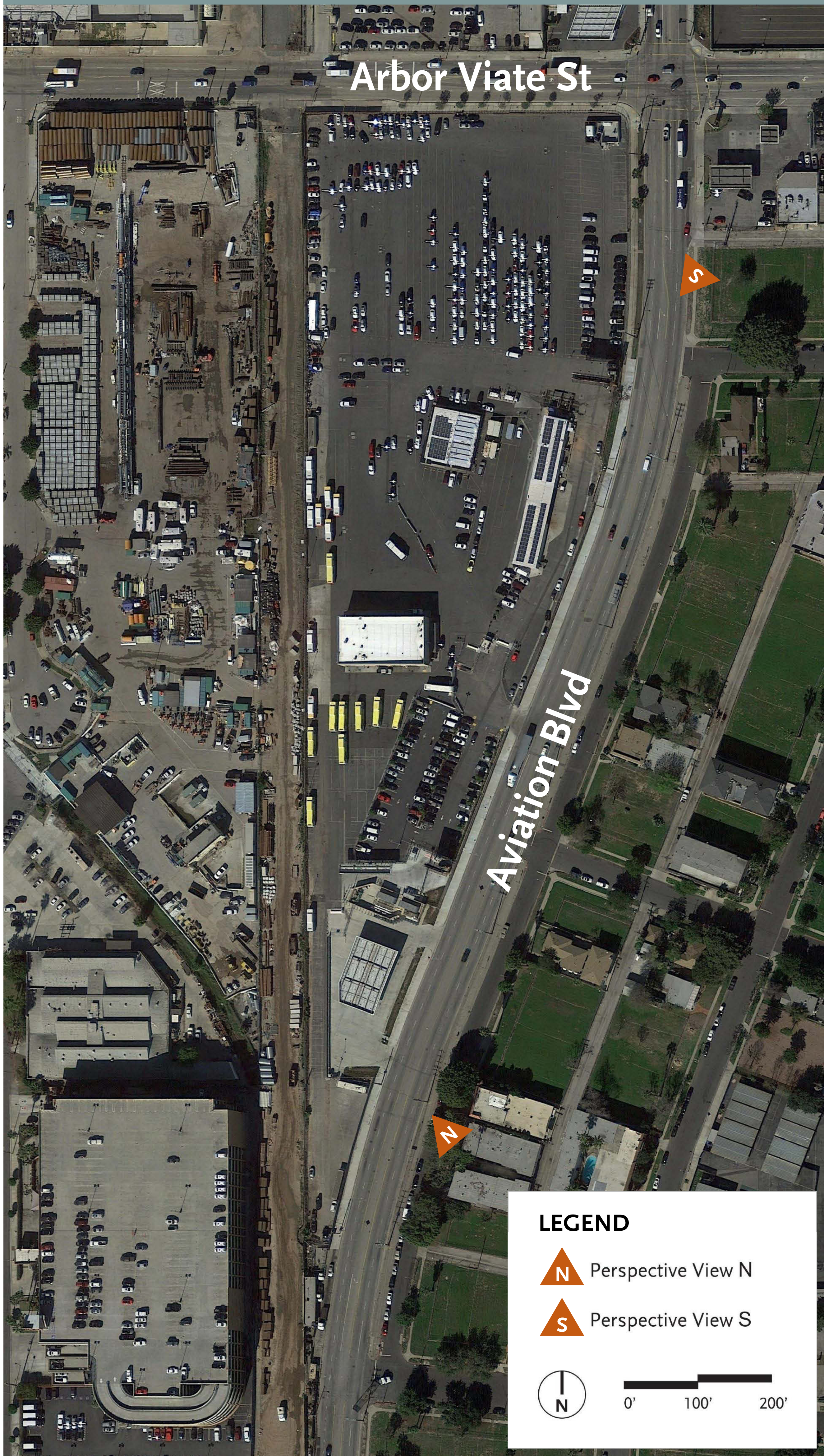


Project components:

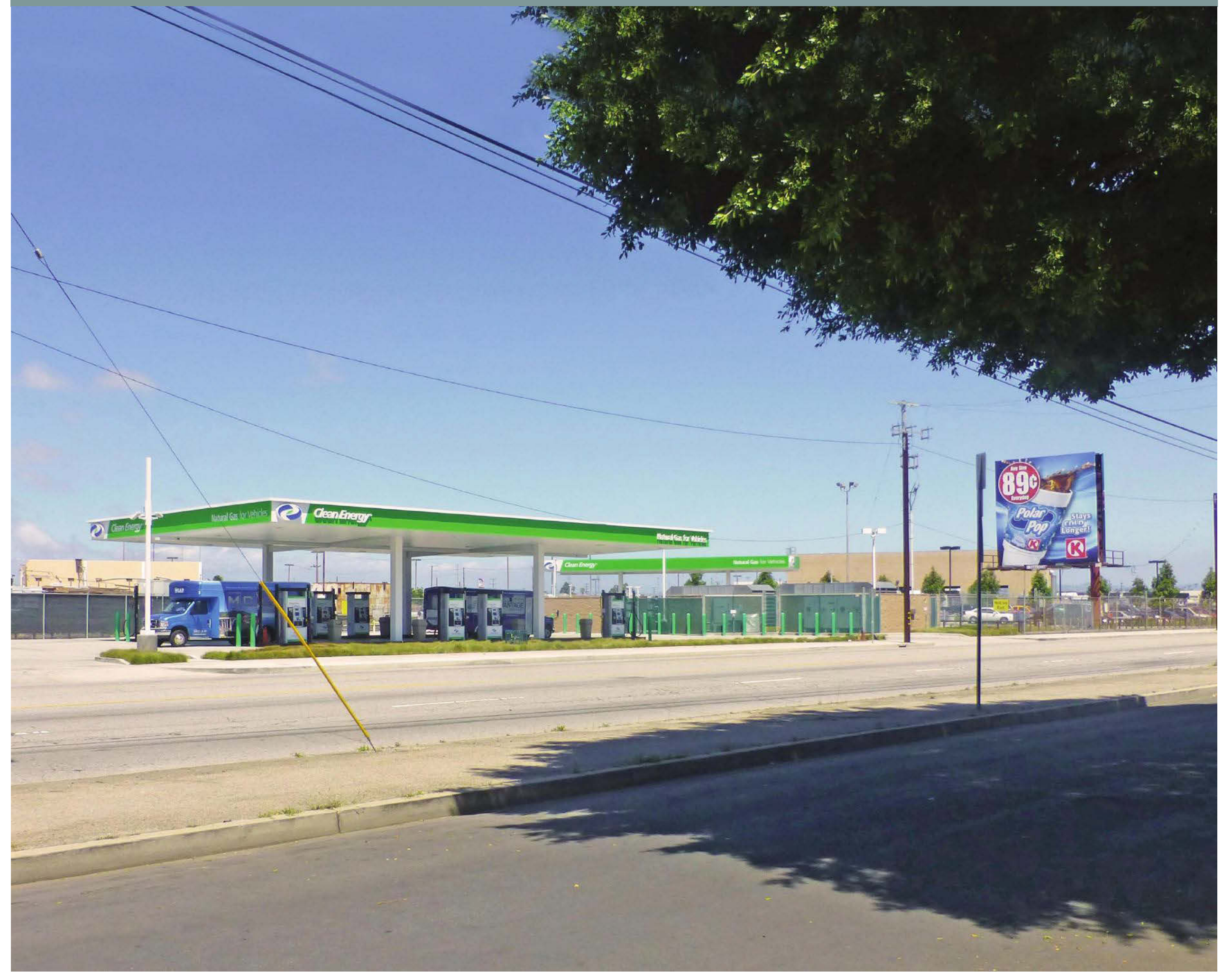
- Three at-grade Light Rail Transit (LRT) platforms to be served by the Crenshaw/LAX Line and Metro Green Line service extension
- Bus plaza and terminal facility for Metro and municipal bus operators;
- Bicycle hub with secured parking for up to 150 bicycles;
- Pedestrian plaza;
- Passenger vehicle pick-up and drop-off area; and
- Metro transit center/terminal building (“Metro Hub”) that connects passengers between the various modes of transportation including the future Automated People Mover (APM) to be built and operated by LAWA

Existing Conditions

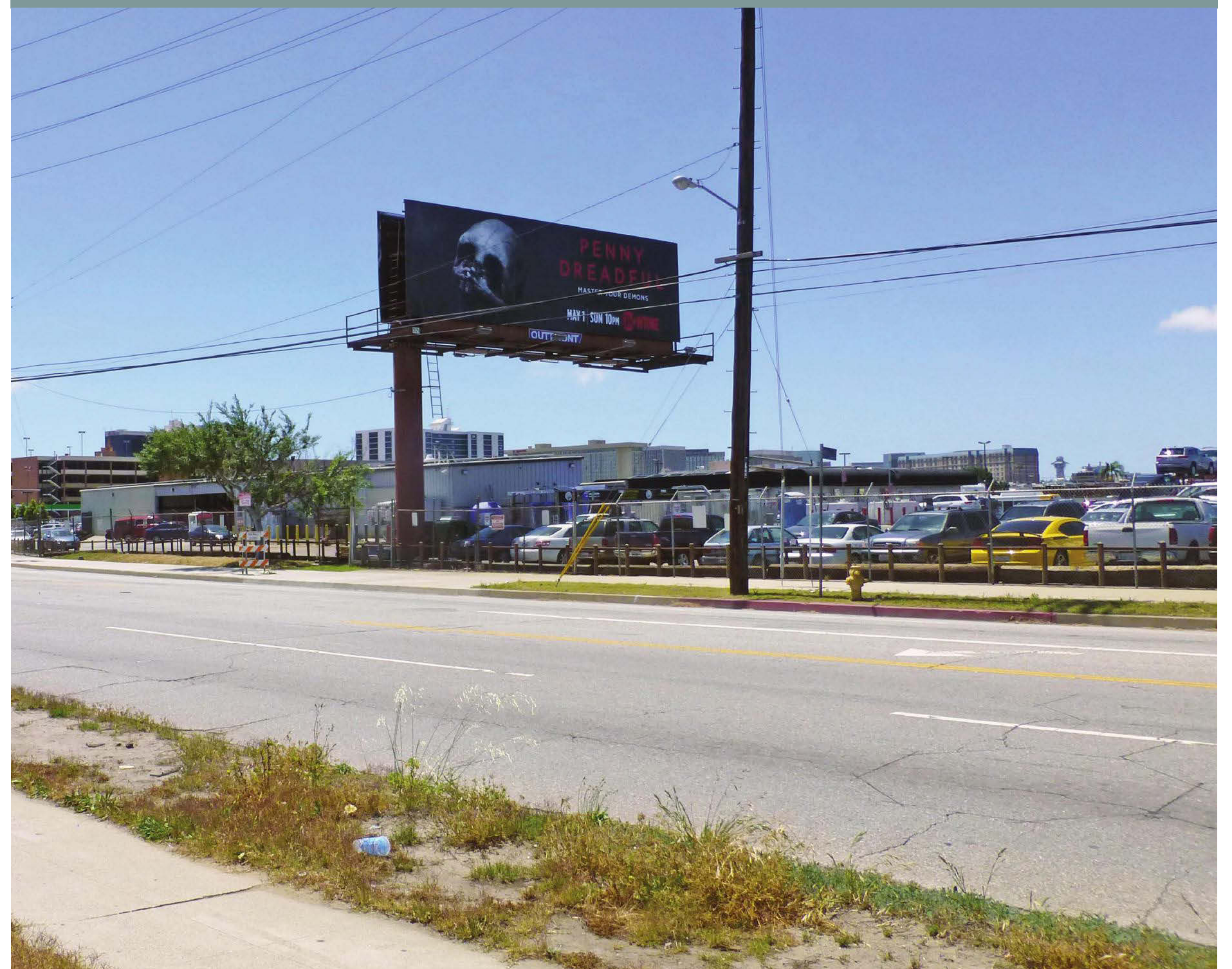
Aerial View



View N – Looking North

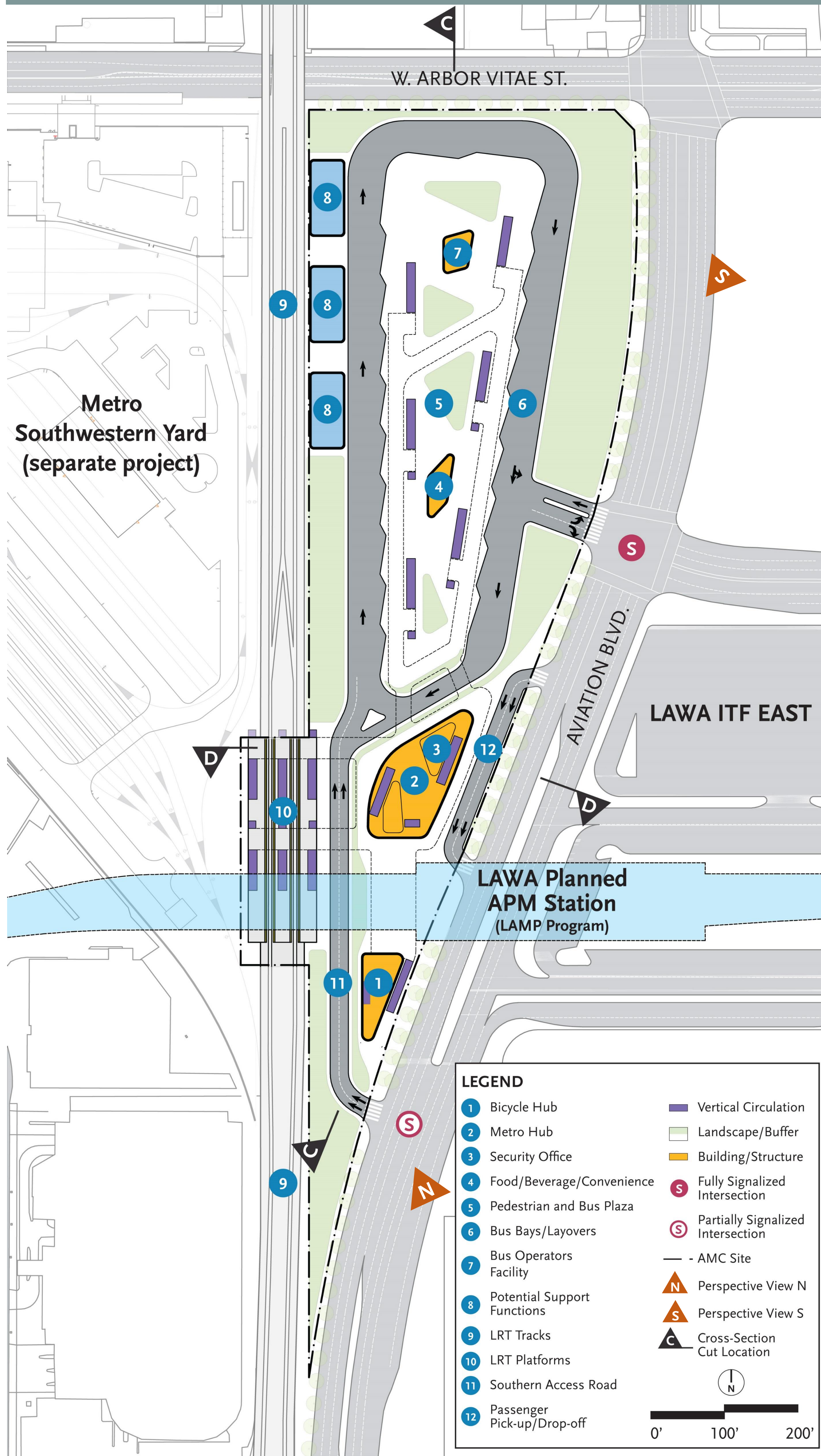


View S – Looking South



Cumulative: Proposed Project with LAWA APM

Ground-Level Conceptual Site Plan



Conceptual Perspective View N – Looking North

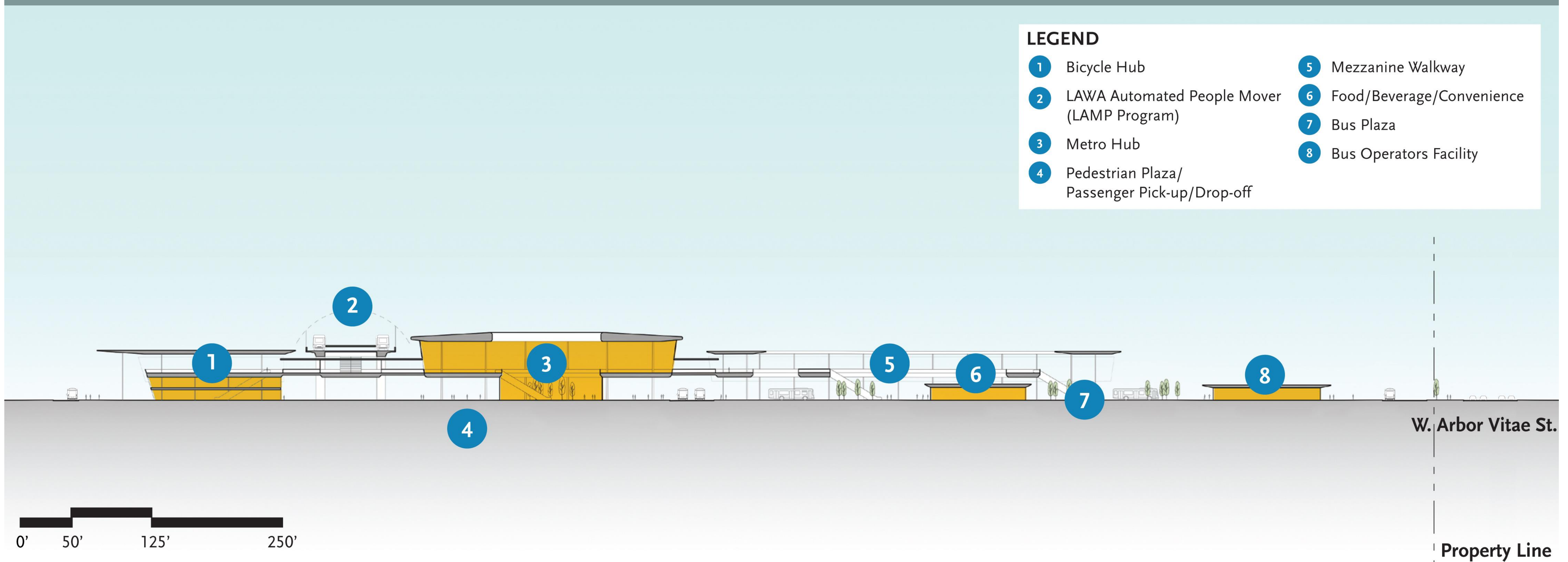


Conceptual Perspective View S – Looking South

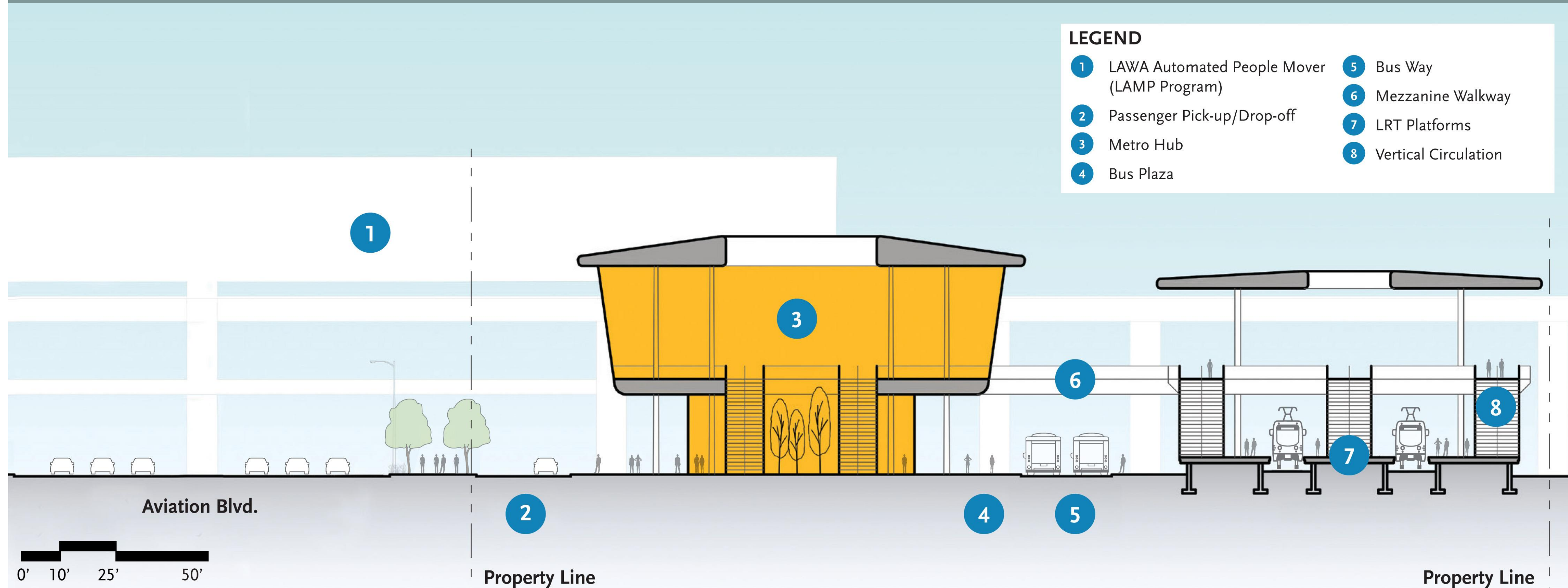


Cumulative: Proposed Project with LAWA APM

Conceptual Cross-Section C-C (Looking West)



Conceptual Cross-Section D-D (Looking South)



4. MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

4.1. INTRODUCTION

Section 21081.6 of the Public Resources Code requires a Lead Agency to adopt a “reporting or monitoring program for the changes made to the project or conditions of project approval, adopted in order to mitigate or avoid significant effects on the environment” (Section 15097 of the CEQA Guidelines provides additional direction on mitigation monitoring or reporting). Metro is the Lead Agency for the proposed project and is therefore, responsible for administering and implementing the MMRP. The decision-makers must define specific monitoring requirements to be enforced during project implementation prior to final approval of the proposed project. The primary purpose of the MMRP is to ensure that the mitigation measures identified in the Draft and Final EIR are implemented, effectively minimizing the identified environmental effects.

4.2. PURPOSE

Table 4.1 has been prepared to ensure compliance with all of the mitigation measures identified in the Draft EIR and this Final EIR which would lessen or avoid potentially significant adverse environmental impacts resulting from implementation of the proposed project. Each mitigation measure is identified in Table 4.1 and is categorized by environmental topic and corresponding number, with identification of:

- **Monitoring Action** – This is the criteria that would determine when the measure has been accomplished and/or the monitoring actions to be undertaken to ensure the measure is implemented.
- **Party Responsible for Implementing Mitigation** – This identifies the entity accountable for the action.
- **Enforcement Agency, Monitoring Agency and Monitoring Phase** – This identifies the agencies responsible for overseeing the implementation of mitigation and when the implementation is verified.

Table 4.1 Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

| Impact Area | Potential Effects | Mitigation Measures | Monitoring Action | Party Responsible For Implementing Mitigation | 1. Enforcement Agency 2. Monitoring Agency 3. Monitoring Phase |
|---------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|---|---|
| Hazards and Hazardous Materials | Transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials | <p>HAZ-1 Metro shall complete a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) at locations on the project site known to have contained hazardous substances and hazardous waste. The Phase II ESA shall include a geophysical survey that confirms the presence or absence of UST(s) and other subgrade features of environmental concern including former hydraulic lifts and clarifiers. The Phase II ESA shall identify if a Soil Management Plan (SMP) would be required.</p> <p>If prescribed in the Phase II ESA, Metro shall prepare a SMP for identifying, handling, storing and disposing of suspected soils with elevated levels of volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The SMP shall comply with SCAQMD 1166 (VOC Emissions from Decontamination of Soil). The SMP shall be prepared by the construction contractor and distributed to construction personnel. If a SMP is required, a Certified Industrial Hygienist shall certify a health and safety plan based on that SMP.</p> | Verify for Compliance | Metro/Contractor | 1. Metro/South Coast Air Quality Management District 2. Metro 3. Construction |

| Impact Area | Potential Effects | Mitigation Measures | Monitoring Action | Party Responsible For Implementing Mitigation | 1. Enforcement Agency 2. Monitoring Agency 3. Monitoring Phase |
|---------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|---|--|
| Hazards and Hazardous Materials | Accidental release of hazardous materials | <p>HAZ-2 Metro shall retain a Certified Asbestos Consultant to determine the presence of asbestos and asbestos-containing materials (ACMs) within buildings to be demolished. If asbestos is discovered, a Licensed Asbestos Abatement Contractor shall be retained to safely remove ACM in accordance with the 1994 Federal Occupational Exposure to Asbestos Standards and South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule 1403 (Asbestos Emissions from Demolition/Renovation Activities). ACM removal shall be monitored by a Certified Technician.</p> | Verify for Compliance | Metro/Contractor | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Metro 2. Metro 3. Construction |
| | | <p>HAZ-3 Metro shall test for lead-based paint (LBP) within buildings to be demolished. If LBP is discovered, a licensed lead-based paint/materials abatement contractor shall be retained to safely remove LBP in accordance with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Lead-Based Paint Guidelines.</p> | Verify for Compliance | Metro/Contractor | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Metro 2. Metro 3. Construction |
| | | <p>HAZ-4 If clarifiers and hydraulic lifts are identified on the project site in the required Phase II ESA in Mitigation Measure HAZ-1, Metro shall identify whether there have been any unauthorized releases. If the site assessment identifies a REC, Metro shall coordinate with the appropriate regulatory agencies to remediate hazardous condition.</p> | Verify for Compliance | Metro/Contractor | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Metro/Department of Toxic Substances Control 2. Metro 3. Construction |

| Impact Area | Potential Effects | Mitigation Measures | Monitoring Action | Party Responsible For Implementing Mitigation | 1. Enforcement Agency 2. Monitoring Agency 3. Monitoring Phase |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------|---|--|
| Hazards and Hazardous Materials | Hazardous Project Site | <p>HAZ-5 Metro shall coordinate with the responsible party (Honeywell International Inc.) under the direction of the Regional Water Quality Control Board to monitor potential disruptions to the existing groundwater monitoring wells at 9225 and 9601 Aviation Boulevard during construction activities or operation of the proposed project. If an existing well must be disturbed, Metro shall coordinate with the responsible party (Honeywell International Inc.) and the Regional Water Quality Control Board to relocate the monitoring wells.</p> | Verify for Compliance | Metro | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Regional Water Quality Control Board 2. Metro 3. Construction |
| | | <p>HAZ-6 Metro shall conduct a soil vapor gas survey of the project site where enclosed structures are planned for the purpose of establishing a baseline for potential indoor vapor concentrations. If the study identifies concentrations that exceed Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment California Human Health Screening Levels for soil or soil gas, Metro—in coordination with California Occupational Safety and Health Administration—shall prepare a remediation plan that demonstrates that interior vapor concentrations would be mitigated to below safety standards. This plan shall be prepared prior to building occupancy.</p> | Verify for Compliance | Metro/Contractor | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Metro 2. Metro 3. Construction |

Airport Metro Connector 96th Street Transit Station

Findings of Fact

State Clearinghouse No. 2015021009



**Findings of Fact
Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15091
and
Public Resources Code Section 21081**

**Airport Metro Connector
96th Street Transit Station**

November 2016



In Association with:

**Cityworks Design
Coast Surveying
D'Leon Consulting Engineers
Diaz Yourman & Associates
Epic Land Solutions
Fehr & Peers
The Greenridge Group, Inc.**

**Lea+Elliott, Inc.
Leighton
Mott MacDonald
Ted Tokio Tanaka Architects
Terry A. Hayes Associates Inc.
The Robert Group
VCA Engineering**

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ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

| | |
|--------------|--|
| ACM | Asbestos-Containing Materials |
| APM | Automated People Mover |
| AQMP | Air Quality Management Plan |
| CEQA..... | California Environmental Quality Act |
| CMP | Congestion Management Plan |
| CONRAC..... | Consolidated Rent-A-Car Center |
| CTA..... | Central Terminal Area |
| EIR..... | Environmental Impact Report |
| EIS..... | Environmental Impact Statement |
| ESA..... | Environmental Site Assessment |
| FAA..... | Federal Aviation Administration |
| GHG..... | Greenhouse Gases |
| ITF | Intermodal Transportation Facilities |
| LAMP | Landside Access Modernization Program |
| LAWA | Los Angeles World Airports |
| LAX | Los Angeles International Airport |
| LBP | Lead-Based Paint |
| LRT | Light Rail Transit |
| Metro | Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority |
| MMRP..... | Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program |
| RTP..... | Regional Transportation Plan |
| SCAQMD | South Coast Air Quality Management District |
| SMP..... | Soil Management Plan |
| USTs..... | Underground Storage Tanks |
| VOC..... | Volatile Organic Compounds |
| VMT..... | Vehicle Miles Traveled |

1 INTRODUCTION

The Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro) followed a prescribed process to identify the issues to be analyzed, including seeking input from the public, stakeholders, elected officials, and other affected parties. Implementation of the Airport Metro Connector 96th Street Transit Station (proposed project) will result in less-than-significant environmental impacts with inclusion of certain mitigation measures as part of project approval. As required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), Metro, in adopting these Findings of Fact, also adopts a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP). Metro finds that the MMRP, which is included in Chapter 4.0 of the Final EIR, and made a part of these findings as Attachment C to the November Metro Board Report, meets the requirements of Public Resources Code Section 21081.6 by providing for the implementation and monitoring of measures to mitigate potentially significant effects of the proposed project.

In accordance with CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines, Metro adopts these findings as part of the approval of the project. Pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21082.1(c)(3), Metro also finds that the Final Environmental Impact Report (EIR) reflects the Metro's independent judgment as the lead agency for the proposed project.

2 ORGANIZATION

The Findings of Fact is comprised of the following sections:

- Section 3: Contains a brief description of the proposed project and objectives.
- Section 4: Contains the statutory requirements of the findings and a record of proceedings.
- Section 5: Identifies the potentially significant effects which were determined to be mitigated to a less-than-significant level.
- Section 6: Identifies significant impacts, if any, that cannot be mitigated to a less-than-significant level even though all feasible mitigation measures have been identified and incorporated.
- Section 7: Identifies less-than-significant impacts.
- Section 8: Identifies the potential environmental effects that were determined to have no impact.
- Section 9: Discusses potential cumulative impacts.
- Section 10: Describes the alternatives analyzed in the evaluation of the project as well as findings on mitigation measures.

3 PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND OBJECTIVES

Metro is proposing a new multi-modal transportation center with three at-grade light rail transit (LRT) platforms, bus plaza, bicycle hub, pedestrian plaza, passenger vehicle pick-up and drop-off area and Metro transit center/terminal building (“Metro Hub”) to connect passengers between the multiple transportation modes. The west side of Aviation Boulevard would include a 15-foot sidewalk to promote pedestrian accessibility. As part of Los Angeles World Airports (LAWA) Landside Access Modernization Program (LAMP) is proposing a multi-use path on the west side of Aviation Boulevard. Metro and LAWA are coordinating on the potential accommodation of this multi-use path on the west side of Aviation Boulevard south of Arbor Vitae Street. Site amenities would include benches, trash receptacles, bollards or other low level fixtures, bike racks, public art, and signage and wayfinding. The proposed project components would be linked together by a continuous system of elevated mezzanine walkways. The proposed project does not include LAWA's LAMP. For purposes of this EIR, the LAMP is assessed as a related project in the cumulative condition.

The proposed project is being developed to connect the Los Angeles International Airport (LAX) to the regional bus and rail transit system. Given the high volume of daily vehicular trips to and from LAX and the absence of a convenient transit connection, the goal of the proposed project is to increase transit ridership and provide a reliable and convenient transit option to and from LAX along with the regional bus and rail transit system. The three project objectives are:

- Objective #1: Provide a reliable, fast, and convenient connection for passengers traveling between the LAX area and the regional bus and rail transit system.
- Objective #2: Integrate with existing and future transit connections and airport facilities.
- Objective #3: Increase the share of transit trips to and from LAX with minimal impact to airport facilities and surrounding communities and to help reduce air pollution.

4 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

CEQA (Public Resources Code Section 21081), and particularly the CEQA Guidelines (the Guidelines) (Title 14 California Code Regulations Section 15091) require that:

“No public agency shall approve or carry out a project for which an EIR has been certified which identifies one or more significant environmental effects of the project unless the public agency makes one or more written findings for each of those significant effects, accompanied by a brief explanation of the rationale for each finding. The possible findings are:

- a. Changes or alterations have been required in, or incorporated into, the project which avoid or substantially lessen the significant environmental effect as identified in the final EIR.*

- b. Such changes or alterations are within the responsibility and jurisdiction of another public agency and not the agency making the finding. Such changes have been adopted by such other agency or can and should be adopted by such other agency.*
- c. Specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other considerations, including provision of employment opportunities for highly trained workers, make infeasible the mitigation measures or project alternatives identified in the final EIR.”*

In short, CEQA requires that the lead agency adopt mitigation measures or alternatives, where feasible, to avoid or mitigate significant environmental impacts that would otherwise occur with implementation of the project. Project mitigation or alternatives are not required, however, where they are infeasible or where the responsibility for modifying the project lies with another agency (CEQA Guidelines, Section 15091 (a), (b)).

For those significant effects that cannot be mitigated to a less-than-significant level, the public agency is required to find that specific overriding economic, legal, social, technological, or other benefits of the project outweigh the significant effects on the environment (see Public Resources Code Section 21081 (b)). The CEQA Guidelines state in Section 15093 that, “If the specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other benefits of a proposed project outweigh the unavoidable adverse environmental effects, the adverse environmental effects may be considered ‘acceptable.’” No significant and unavoidable environmental impacts have been identified as a result of implementation of the proposed project, therefore a statement of overriding considerations is not needed.

4.1 RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

For purposes of CEQA and the findings set forth herein, the record of proceedings for Metro's decision on the proposed project consists of: (a) matters of common knowledge to Metro, including, but not limited to, federal, state and local laws and regulations; and (b) the following documents which are in the custody of the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority, One Gateway Plaza, Records Management, MS 99-PL-5, Los Angeles, CA 90012:

- Notice of Preparation and other public notices issued by Metro in conjunction with the proposed project;
- The Draft EIR dated June 2016;
- All testimony, documentary evidence, and all correspondence submitted in response to the Notice of Preparation during the scoping meeting or by agencies or members of the public during the public comment period on the Draft EIR and responses to those comments (Chapter 3.0, Response to Comments, of the Final EIR);
- The Final EIR dated November 2016 including all appendices thereto and those documents that were incorporated therein by reference;
- The MMRP (Chapter 4.0 of the Final EIR);
- All findings and resolutions adopted by Metro in connection with the proposed project, and all documents cited or referred to therein;

- All final technical reports and addenda, studies, memoranda, maps, correspondence, and all planning documents prepared by Metro or the consultants relating to the proposed project;
- All documents submitted to Metro by agencies or members of the public in connection with development of the proposed project;
- All actions of Metro with respect to the proposed project; and
- Any other materials required to be in the record of proceedings by Public Resources Code Section 21167.6 (e).

5 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS FOUND LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH IMPLEMENTATION OF MITIGATION MEASURES

Below are the determinations of Metro regarding the environmental effects, significant impacts, and corresponding mitigation measures of the proposed project. Determination of findings by Metro follows the list of mitigation measures.

5.1 HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Under CEQA, the proposed project would have a significant impact related to hazards and hazardous materials if it would:

- Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials;
- Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment;
- Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school; and/or
- Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment.

Impact. The proposed project would involve the excavation and transport of contaminated soils, which would potentially expose the public to hazardous materials. Underground storage tanks (USTs), clarifiers, sumps, and furnace pits were historically used on the project site in connection with the former Honeywell facility. This site is listed as a Recognized Environmental Condition (REC) on several governmental databases. The disposition of some of the UST is unknown, which would potentially create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment. The project site includes groundwater monitoring wells to monitor volatile organic compound concentrations and migration resulting from residual contamination caused by the former Honeywell facility. These wells would potentially be compromised during the construction process and may need to be relocated. There would also be an impact from the potential to encounter Lead-Based Paint

(LBP) and asbestos during construction activities. The only school located within one-quarter mile of the project site is Bright Star Secondary Charter Academy, which is located approximately 0.1 miles east of the project site. The transport of hazardous construction materials would potentially expose the persons at the school to hazardous substances.

Reference. Section 3.3, Hazards and Hazardous Materials, of the Draft EIR, pages 3.3-16 through 3.3-23.

Mitigation Measures

HAZ-1 Metro shall complete a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) at locations on the project site known to have contained hazardous substances and hazardous waste. The Phase II ESA shall include a geophysical survey that confirms the presence or absence of UST(s) and other subgrade features of environmental concern including former hydraulic lifts and clarifiers. The Phase II ESA shall identify if a Soil Management Plan (SMP) would be required.

If prescribed in the Phase II ESA, Metro shall prepare a SMP for identifying, handling, storing and disposing of suspected soils with elevated levels of volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The SMP shall comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD 1166 (VOC Emissions from Decontamination of Soil)). The SMP shall be prepared by the construction contractor and distributed to construction personnel. If a SMP is required, a Certified Industrial Hygienist shall certify a health and safety plan based on that SMP.

HAZ-2 Metro shall retain a Certified Asbestos Consultant to determine the presence of asbestos and asbestos-containing materials (ACMs) within buildings to be demolished. If asbestos is discovered, a Licensed Asbestos Abatement Contractor shall be retained to safely remove ACM in accordance with the 1994 Federal Occupational Exposure to Asbestos Standards and South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule 1403 (Asbestos Emissions from Demolition/Renovation Activities). ACM removal shall be monitored by a Certified Technician.

HAZ-3 Metro shall test for LBP within buildings to be demolished. If LBP is discovered, a licensed lead-based paint/materials abatement contractor shall be retained to safely remove LBP in accordance with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Lead-Based Paint Guidelines.

HAZ-4 If clarifiers and hydraulic lifts are identified on the project site in the required Phase II ESA in Mitigation Measure **HAZ-1**, Metro shall identify whether there have been any unauthorized releases. If the site assessment identifies a REC, Metro shall coordinate with the appropriate regulatory agencies to remediate hazardous condition(s).

HAZ-5 Metro shall coordinate with the responsible party (Honeywell International Inc.) under the direction of the Regional Water Quality Control Board to monitor

potential disruptions to existing groundwater monitoring wells at 9225 and 9601 Aviation Boulevard during construction activities or operation of the proposed project. If an existing well must be disturbed, Metro shall coordinate with Honeywell International Inc. and the Regional Water Quality Control Board to relocate the monitoring wells.

HAZ-6 Metro shall conduct a soil vapor gas survey of the project site where enclosed structures are planned for the purpose of establishing a baseline for potential indoor vapor concentrations. If the study identifies concentrations that exceed Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment California Human Health Screening Levels for soil or soil gas, Metro—in coordination with California Occupational Safety and Health Administration—shall prepare a remediation plan that demonstrates that interior vapor concentrations would be mitigated to below safety standards. This plan shall be prepared prior to building occupancy.

Finding. Changes or alterations have been required in, or incorporated into, the project which mitigate or avoid the significant effect.

Mitigation Measures **HAZ-1** through **HAZ-3** would ensure that Metro identifies hazardous contamination and prepares an SMP, an asbestos study, and a LBP study to transport and dispose of these materials in accordance with regulatory requirements. These mitigation measures would effectively reduce and regulate the potential hazardous conditions associated with transporting construction materials, reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials, emitting hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste. This includes potential hazardous impacts to the Bright Star Secondary Charter Academy.

A geophysical study specified in Mitigation Measure **HAZ-4** would prevent an accidental release of hazardous materials cause by any unidentified USTs. Mitigation Measure **HAZ-5** would ensure the protection of the existing groundwater wells and prevent any further contamination of groundwater on the project site and at adjoining properties.

The Phase I ESA prepared for the proposed project identified the existing hazardous conditions on the project site. Compliance with recommendations of the Phase I and Mitigation Measures **HAZ-1** through **HAZ-6** would ensure the proposed project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment by locating the proposed project on a hazardous materials site.

For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that impacts related to hazards and hazardous materials would be reduced to less than significant.

6 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS FOUND SIGNIFICANT AFTER IMPLEMENTATION OF MITIGATION MEASURES

The Draft EIR does not identify impacts that would result in significant or potentially significant impacts after the implementation of mitigation measures. Metro finds that no impacts were found significant after implementation of mitigation measures.

7 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS FOUND LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT

Metro finds that, based upon substantial evidence in the record, as discussed below, the following impacts associated with the proposed project are less than significant, and no mitigation is required.

7.1 AIR QUALITY

The proposed project would have a significant impact related to air quality, if it would:

- Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan;
- Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation;
- Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors) (discussed under Section 9, Cumulative Impacts);
- Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations; and/or
- Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people.

Impact. Air quality impacts would not occur during the construction or operational phases of the proposed project and impacts would be less-than-significant.

Reference. Draft EIR Section 3.1, Air Quality, pages 3.1-17 through 3.1-26 and Draft EIR Chapter 5.0, Cumulative Impacts, pages 5-11 and 5-12.

Mitigation Measures. None required.

Findings. The Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) is the applicable air quality plan, and the emissions forecasting is based on projected population and employment growth. The proposed project does not contain a residential component and would not introduce population growth to the region. Operation of the proposed project would result in minimal employment growth through the creation of small retail spaces; a majority of the project site would be dedicated to the plaza and platform areas. The proposed project was included in the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) and would be consistent with the assumptions upon which the AQMP was devised. The proposed project would consolidate bus and rail transit services in the LAX area and provide pedestrian access to the facilities. This regional connectivity to the transit network would be consistent with regional and local air quality

reduction goals to increase transit ridership. The proposed project would be required to comply with all applicable SCAQMD rules and regulations that are in effect at the time of development, and would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the AQMP.

Construction emissions would be generated by equipment, trucks, and worker vehicles. Emissions of air pollutants that would result from construction of the proposed project were quantified using the California Emission Estimator Model. The analysis showed that regional and localized construction emissions would not exceed the SCAQMD significance thresholds. In addition, Metro has a Green Construction Policy, which includes Tier 4 emission standards for off-road diesel-powered construction equipment greater than 50 horsepower and restricting idling to a maximum of five minutes. The project contractor would be required to comply with Metro's Green Construction Policy.

Air pollutant emissions associated with long-term operation of the proposed project were quantified for both stationary (building envelope and utilities) sources and mobile (buses and passenger vehicles) sources. Mobile sources emissions associated with operation of the proposed project include exhaust and brake and tire wear emissions from changes in bus route vehicle miles traveled (VMT) to and from the new station location, regional changes in highway VMT resulting from transit improvements and reconfiguration of local circulation patterns, and vehicle trips to the pick-up and drop-off area along Aviation Boulevard. Mobile source emissions were quantified using EMFAC2014, the California Air Resources Board-recommended model for calculating estimates of on-road mobile source emissions. The analysis showed that operational emissions would not exceed the SCAQMD significance thresholds. The proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to exposing sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations.

The proposed project would utilize super-compliant architectural coatings as designated by the SCAQMD to reduce emissions of odorous chemicals. Given existing auto traffic from major and minor arterials adjacent to the project site, any odor impacts from the construction phase are not anticipated to be significant. Any emissions during the construction phase that create odors for nearby sensitive receptors would be addressed by enforcement of SCAQMD Rule 402 (Nuisance), which prohibits any emissions that cause injury, detriment, nuisance or annoyance to a considerable number of people. Land uses and industrial operations commonly associated with odor complaints include agricultural uses, wastewater treatment plants, food processing plants, chemical plants, composting, refineries, landfills, dairies, and fiberglass molding. Operation of the proposed project would include a new multi-modal transportation center with light rail platforms, a bus plaza, and pedestrian and bicycle amenities to connect LAX to Metro's regional transit system and is therefore, not anticipated to create objectionable odors.

For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that these potential air quality impacts are less than significant.

7.2 GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) EMISSIONS

The proposed project would have a significant impact related to GHG emissions if it would:

- Generate GHG emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment; and/or
- Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases.

Impact. The proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to GHG emissions and consistency with GHG reduction plans.

Reference. Section 3.2, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, of the Draft EIR, pages 3.2-14 through 3.2-23.

Mitigation Measures. None required.

Findings. Sources of temporary GHG emissions associated with construction include off-road heavy duty equipment and on-road motor vehicle travel to and from the project site. Operational GHG emissions associated with the proposed project would be generated through electricity demand and utilities (indirect as the sources are part of other entities) of the new facilities, changes in local bus routes and vehicle trips by passengers and LAX employees creating additional vehicle miles traveled (direct) and the private vehicle activity at the new pick-up and drop-off along Aviation Boulevard (direct). The operational GHG emissions can generally be divided into stationary (facility) sources and mobile (vehicular) sources. Emissions of air pollutants that would result from construction of the proposed project were quantified using the California Emission Estimator Model. Mobile source emissions were quantified using EMFAC2014, the California Air Resources Board-recommended model for calculating estimates of on-road mobile source emissions. The analysis showed that proposed project emissions would be less than the CEQA baseline condition.

Relevant GHG reduction plans, policies, and regulations adopted by Metro include the Countywide Sustainability Planning Program, the Climate Action and Adaptation Plan, the Energy Conservation and Management Plan, and the Green Construction Policy. The proposed project would incorporate strategies to reduce energy demand and GHG emissions through promotion of alternative energy vehicle use, minimizing building electricity consumption, and decreasing water use and wastewater effluent. The proposed project would be consistent with Metro, regional, and state GHG reduction policies.

For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that these potential GHG emissions impacts are less than significant.

7.3 HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

The proposed project would have a significant impact related to hazards and hazardous materials if it would:

- For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area;
- For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area;
- Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan; and/or
- Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands.

Impact. The proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to safety hazards associated with airports, emergency response plans, and wildfires.

Reference. Section 3.3, Hazards and Hazardous Materials, of the Draft EIR, pages 3.3-23 through 3.3-25.

Mitigation Measures. None required.

Findings. The project area is located within the LAX Airport Influence Area and is subject to Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) height restrictions. The proposed project and the past, present, and reasonably probable future projects within the Airport Influence Area are legally required by the Code of Federal Regulations to file a Form 7460, Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration, with the FAA to make an airspace determination. This determination ensures compliance with applicable federal guidelines and eliminates the potential for an impact. The proposed project is not within the proximity of a private airstrip. The proposed project would not modify emergency/disaster routes. Per state and local regulations, emergency vehicle access would be maintained at all times during construction and operation of the proposed project. The proposed project is not within or in close proximity to a Wildfire Hazard Area and would not be subject to wildland fires.

For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that these potential hazards and hazardous materials impacts are less than significant.

7.4 LAND USE AND PLANNING

The proposed project would result in a significant impact related to land use and planning if it would:

- Physically divide an established community; and/or

- Conflict with applicable land use plan, policy or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect.

Impact. The proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to dividing an established community and consistency with land use policies or regulations.

Reference. Section 3.4, Land Use & Planning, of the Draft EIR, pages 3.4-13 through 3.4-21.

Mitigation Measures. None required.

Findings. Situated in a largely commercial-industrial area, the project site is bounded by roadways to the north, east and south and a Metro-owned railroad right-of way to the west. It does not adjoin any established residential communities. Further, the project site does not provide access to any residential areas or community facilities. The closest residences are located across Aviation Boulevard to the east in Manchester Square, which has been declining in residential units over the past ten years. The majority of these properties have been or are in the process of being relocated by LAWA as part of their Aircraft Noise Mitigation Program. The project proposes various access and circulation improvements such as signalized lights, crosswalks, pedestrian paths and driveways; however, vehicular ingress and egress is from the existing roadways thereby maintaining the general land use pattern and circulation configuration in the surrounding area.

Project implementation would not require any zone changes or plan amendments and the proposed project is compatible with applicable land use plans and policies. The proposed project would be consistent with the Regional Transportation Plan, City of Los Angeles General Plan, including the Mobility Element, and other state and local land use plans. In addition, the project site is located within the Airport Influence Area and is subject to FAA height restrictions. Metro is legally required by the Code of Federal Regulations to file a Form 7460, Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration, with the FAA to make an airspace determination. This determination would ensure compliance with applicable federal guidelines.

The project site is not a critical habitat for threatened or endangered species and does not contain any candidate, sensitive or special status species. The proposed project would not conflict with any habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan.

For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that these potential Land Use and Planning impacts are less than significant.

7.5 NOISE AND VIBRATION

The proposed project would result in a significant impact related to noise and vibration if it would result in:

- Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies;
- Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels;
- A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project;
- A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project; and/or
- Exposure of persons residing or working in an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or a public use airport, to excessive noise levels.

Impact. The proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related construction and operational noise and vibration; permanent and temporary ambient noise levels; and noise levels associated with airports.

Reference. Section 3.5, Noise and Vibration, of the Draft EIR, pages 3.5-15 through 3.5-23.

Mitigation Measures. None required.

Findings. Noise levels would vary throughout the construction process depending on the activity and location. The Draft EIR determined that noise levels at nearby sensitive land uses would not exceed applicable significance thresholds. In addition, construction activities would comply with Section 41.40 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code and design criteria established by Metro (e.g., well-maintained equipment with effective noise control devices, such as mufflers).

The proposed project would generate operational noise associated with bus and passenger vehicle movements on and off the project site and light rail activity at the station. An analysis of combined noise levels at sensitive receptors was completed using the Federal Transit Administration guidance. The proposed project would increase noise levels by 1.0 decibels or less at sensitive receivers, and noise levels would not exceed the Federal Transit Administration impact criteria for moderate or severe impacts.

Construction activity can generate varying degrees of vibration, depending on the construction procedure and the construction equipment used. The proposed project would not involve impact or sonic pile driving or large vibratory rollers. Based on the anticipated equipment mix, there would be the potential for impacts to occur within 37 feet of the project site. The nearest sensitive receptors are single family residences located at 9608 – 9612 Aviation Boulevard, approximately 100 feet to the east of the project site. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to construction vibration.

Operational vibration would be generated by light rail activity on the Crenshaw/LAX and Metro Green LRT lines and bus activity on the roadway network. The proposed transit station would result in lower train speeds than assessed in the Crenshaw/LAX Transit Project

Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement (EIR/EIS) because the trains will need to slow to stop at the station. Trains generate less vibration at lower speeds and vibration levels would be less than presented for the Crenshaw/LAX Transit Project, and would not result in a new impact that was not disclosed in that EIR/EIS. Regarding bus vibration, the Federal Transit Administration has stated that the rubber tires and suspension systems of buses provide vibration isolation, making it unusual for buses to cause ground-borne noise or vibration problems. Most problems with bus-related vibration can be directly related to a pothole, bump, expansion joint, or other discontinuity in the road surface. The roadway system near the project is in good condition, and project-related buses would not generate perceptible vibration.

The project site is located in the LAX noise contours and has the potential to expose people working in the project area to excessive noise levels. However, because the project site is located near LAX, existing ambient noise levels are relatively high due to aircraft noise and, the ambient noise levels are not considered excessive. The proposed project is not within the proximity of a private airstrip.

For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that impacts related to noise and vibration would be less than significant.

7.6 TRANSPORTATION AND TRAFFIC

The proposed project would result in a significant impact related to transportation and traffic if it would:

- Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit;
- Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways;
- Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks;
- Substantially increase in hazards due to a design feature or incompatible uses;
- Result in inadequate emergency access; and/or
- Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities.

Impact. The proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to transportation and traffic.

Reference. Section 3.6, Transportation and Traffic, of the Draft EIR, pages 3.6-15 through 3.6-29.

Mitigation Measures. None required.

Findings. Construction activities will be primarily limited to and contained within the project site, with the exception of the addition of traffic signals at the main project driveway on Aviation Boulevard and the potential installation of a second signal at the southern entry in Access Option 2. All construction and worker vehicles are anticipated to be accommodated on site throughout construction. During operation, the average increased delay at intersections would be less than the intersection traffic operations significance thresholds established by the City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation and other local jurisdictions. Construction and operational activities would be consistent with applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system in the future condition.

The Congestion Management Plan (CMP) is a state-mandated program administered by Metro's 2010 CMP that provides a mechanism for coordinating land use and development decisions. A detailed CMP analysis is not necessary because the proposed project would not add more than 150 trips to the freeway monitoring locations nor would it add more than 50 trips to the intersection monitoring locations.

The project site is within the LAX Airport Influence Area, which is subject to FAA height restrictions, but is not within a Runway Protection Zone or safety zone. The proposed project is a surface transportation and general development project and would not change air traffic patterns. Thus, the proposed project would be consistent with regional policies to reduce urban sprawl, efficiently utilize existing infrastructure and reduce regional congestion.

Changes to the roadway network would comply with standard engineering practices and design standards, and design elements would not increase roadway hazards or impede emergency access. Since the proposed project would not include a substantial new population center and is located in close proximity to four fire station, there would be no need to build a new or expand an existing fire station to serve the proposed project or add additional personnel or equipment to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives for fire protection.

The proposed project is being developed to connect LAX to the regional transit system and is included in the Metro's 2009 Long Range Transportation Plan and the Measure R Expenditure Plan to finance new transportation projects and programs. The proposed project would consolidate bus transit services in the LAX area and provide pedestrian and bicycle amenities. In addition, the proposed project would have the capacity to accommodate both the existing and future passengers presently using the LAX City Bus Center and the Aviation/LAX transit center. The facility will be capable of handling the consolidated bus service with room for expanded frequency or additional lines in the future.

For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that impacts related to transportation and traffic would be less than significant.

8 ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS FOUND TO HAVE NO IMPACT

The proposed project would have either no impact or no impact when incorporating applicable laws and regulations related to the following issues: Aesthetics, Agricultural Resources, Biological Resources, Cultural Resources, Geology and Soils, Hydrology and Water Quality, Mineral Resources, Population and Housing, Public Services, Recreation, Utilities and Service Systems, Energy Resources, and Growth Inducing Effects. The Draft EIR also included that there would be no potential for impacts associated with Hazards and Hazardous Materials (proximity to a private airstrip), Land Use and Planning (conflicts with habitat or natural community conservation plans) and Noise and Vibration (noise exposure from private airstrips).

Impact. No significant impacts would occur.

Reference. Chapter 4.0, Other CEQA Considerations, of the Draft EIR, pages 4-4 through 4-30.

Mitigation Measures. None required.

Findings. Metro finds that the proposed project would not result in impacts to the above issues and no mitigation measures are required.

9 CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

The cumulative impacts analysis in the Draft EIR included projects that may occur in the project vicinity within the same timeframe as the proposed project. As such, the cumulative impact analysis considers the combined effect of the proposed project with improvements proposed by LAWA as part of the LAMP, the Crenshaw/LAX Line, Aviation/Century station, and privately developed projects in the project vicinity. Refer to Chapter 5.0, Cumulative Impacts, of the Draft EIR for a list of projects in the cumulative condition, including details related to LAWA's LAMP.

As stated in CEQA Guidelines Section 15130(a)(1), the cumulative impacts discussion in an EIR need not discuss impacts that do not result in part from the proposed project evaluated in the EIR. Further discussion is not warranted for environmental issue areas. Metro finds that there is no potential for a cumulative impact related to:

- Aesthetics
- Agricultural Resources
- Biological Resources
- Cultural Resources
- Geology and Soils
- Hydrology and Water Quality
- Mineral Resources
- Population and Housing
- Public Services
- Recreation

- Utilities and Service Systems
- Energy Resources

9.1 AIR QUALITY

AQMP Consistency. The AQMP is the applicable air quality plan, and the emissions forecasting is based on projected population and employment growth. Projects that are considered to be consistent with the AQMP would not interfere with attainment because the associated growth is included in the projections utilized in the formulation of the AQMP. However, the AQMP was prepared in 2012 and it is possible that projects developed or planned since the completion of the modeling would be inconsistent with the AQMP. Therefore, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could result in a cumulative impact. The proposed project is included in the growth forecasts and is consistent with the AQMP. The proposed project would consolidate bus and rail transit services in the LAX area and provide pedestrian street access to the facilities. This regional connectivity to the transit network would be consistent with regional and local air quality reduction goals to increase transit ridership. The proposed project would be required to comply with all applicable SCAQMD rules and regulations that are in effect at the time of development, and would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the AQMP. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to the significant cumulative impact associated with AQMP consistency is not cumulatively considerable.

Air Quality Standards Violations, Exposure of Sensitive Receptors to Substantial Pollutant Concentrations, and Nonattainment Pollutant Emissions. The South Coast Air Basin is currently designated nonattainment for ozone and particulate matter. Emissions generated by the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could impede attainment efforts or result in locally significant pollutant concentrations. Therefore, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could result in a cumulative impact. Project emissions would not exceed significance thresholds and, therefore, would not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to the significant cumulative impact associated with violations of air quality standards, substantial pollutant concentrations is not cumulatively considerable.

Odors. Neither the project area nor the proposed project includes land uses identified by the SCAQMD as commonly associated with odor complaints. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with other past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a significant cumulative impact.

9.2 GHG EMISSIONS

GHG Emissions and Consistency with GHG Emission Reduction Plans. Through Assembly Bill 32, the State of California has acknowledged that GHG emissions are a Statewide impact.

Emissions generated by the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could contribute to this impact. Both the proposed project and the LAMP have been approved as consistent with transportation and sustainability efforts within the City of Los Angeles. The proposed project and the LAMP together would encourage alternative modes of transportation to passenger vehicles, and improve the ability of people at existing and future transit oriented development to access LAX using the regional transit system. The proposed project would implement several defined features for sustainability, including LEED Silver minimum rating for the building structures and reduced potable water demand by using recycled water for landscaping and installing low-flow plumbing fixtures. The GHG analysis determined that the proposed project would not result in significant impacts and would be consistent with applicable GHG plans, policies, and regulations. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to the significant cumulative impact associated with GHG emissions is not cumulatively considerable.

9.3 HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Transport, Use or Disposal of Hazardous Materials. There are multiple contaminated properties near the project site and the project site is known to have contaminated soils. Therefore, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could result in a cumulative impact. The proposed project includes Mitigation Measures **HAZ-1** through **HAZ-4**, which would reduce impacts to less than significant levels. In addition, the proposed project would be required to comply with all applicable rules and regulations related to contaminated soils, asbestos-containing materials, and lead-based paint. Therefore, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to the significant cumulative impact associated with construction activities is not cumulatively considerable.

Regarding operational activities, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would involve the occasional use, storage and disposal of common hazardous materials. Therefore, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could result in a cumulative impact. The proposed project would be regulated by the California Division of Occupational Safety and Health, the City of Los Angeles Fire Code and all other federal, state and local regulations. All hazardous materials would be required to be contained, stored and used in accordance with manufacturers' instructions and handled in compliance with applicable standards and regulations. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to the significant cumulative impact associated with operational activities is not cumulatively considerable.

Release of Hazardous Materials from Upset or Accident Conditions. The proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could create a cumulative impact associated with disturbance of a natural gas line and groundwater monitoring wells, as well as other Recognized Environmental Conditions. The proposed project would be required to comply with all laws, rules and regulations. In addition, the proposed project would incorporate Mitigation Measures **HAZ-1** through **HAZ-6**, which would reduce impacts to less than significant levels. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to the significant cumulative impact associated with construction activities is not cumulatively considerable.

Regarding operational activities, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would involve the occasional use, storage and disposal of common hazardous materials that could be released during upset or accident conditions. The proposed project would be required to comply with all laws, rules and regulations that control hazardous materials. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to the significant cumulative impact associated with operational activities is not cumulatively considerable.

Hazardous Conditions at a School, Safety Hazard Near a Private Airstrip, and Wildland Fires. The cumulative condition does not include a school located within one-quarter mile of the

project site, the project site is not located near a private airstrip, and project site is not subject to wildland fires. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Located on a site that would create Significant Hazard to the Public or Environment. The project site and adjacent land uses contain several existing hazardous materials contaminations and existing groundwater monitoring wells are located on the project site. Therefore, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could result in a cumulative impact. Hazardous materials site remediation and hazardous materials themselves are well regulated. The proposed project would be developed on contaminated site but would comply with all regulations related hazardous materials removal and monitoring. Compliance with Mitigation Measures **HAZ-1** through **HAZ-6** would ensure the proposed project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment. This mitigation and remediation would also eliminate the project's potential to contribute to the cumulative impact. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Safety Hazard near a Public Airport. The project area is located within the Airport Influence Area and is subject to FAA height restrictions. The proposed project and the past, present, and reasonably probable future projects within the Airport Influence Area are legally required by the Code of Federal Regulations to file a Form 7460, Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration, with the FAA to make an airspace determination. This determination ensures compliance with applicable federal guidelines and eliminates the potential for a cumulative impact. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Safety Hazard near a Private Airstrip. The proposed project and the Related Projects are not within the proximity of a private airstrip. Therefore, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Emergency Plans. The proposed project and the Related Projects would not modify emergency/disaster routes. Per state and local regulations, emergency vehicle access would be maintained at all times during construction and operation of the proposed project and Related Projects. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Wildland Fires. Exhibit D of the City of Los Angeles Safety Element indicates that no portion of the project area or the surrounding area is within or in close proximity to a Wildfire Hazard Area (City of Los Angeles, 1996). For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

9.4 LAND USE AND PLANNING

Division of an Established Community. Manchester Square is the only residential community that would be affected by the development of the Related Projects and currently consists of sparsely distributed multi-family residences, a small number of single-family homes and an elementary school east of the proposed project. This area is proposed to be developed by LAWA for the Automated People Mover (APM), the Intermodal Transportation Facilities (ITF) East/Consolidated Rent-A-Car Center (CONRAC) with adjacent collateral land use development. Thus, in the cumulative condition, the remaining residences and Bright Star Secondary Charter Academy would be relocated and thus considered a significant cumulative impact. Therefore, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could result in a cumulative impact. The proposed project would have no direct or indirect effect on this change. Given the scale and nature of the proposed project as a transit station with light rail platforms, bus bays and ancillary facilities, the overall contribution of the proposed project to land use change would not be significant. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to that significant cumulative impact is not cumulatively considerable.

Compatibility with Land Use Plans and Policies. Project implementation would not require any zone changes or plan amendments and the proposed project is compatible with applicable land use plans and policies. Accordingly, impacts on existing land use plans and policies would be less than significant. Due to the nature of the development of the uses proposed by the Related Projects (i.e., primarily airport-serving commercial uses) in an area largely designated for LAX, LAX-related, and a mix of industrial and commercial uses; significant cumulative impacts are not anticipated. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Habitat Conservation. Neither the site nor the cumulative impact study area are identified as critical habitat for threatened or endangered species and does not contain any candidate, sensitive or special status species. Neither the proposed project nor the Related Projects would conflict with any habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

9.5 NOISE AND VIBRATION

Exposure to Excessive Noise Levels. The potential exists for construction activities associated with the proposed project to combine with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects to create a cumulative noise impact at land uses near the project site. The project-related construction noise increase would be approximately 0.5 decibels, and would not likely evoke a community reaction. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to a potential significant cumulative impact is not cumulatively considerable.

Regarding operational activities, the cumulative condition includes the proposed project and Related Projects, including LAWA's LAMP. Noise generating components of the LAMP include operation of the APM and increased traffic volume due to parking and roadway improvements. The Draft EIR determined that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could result in a cumulative impact related to increased operational noise levels. A quantitative analysis demonstrated that the proposed project would constitute a small portion of operational noise in the cumulative condition. The majority of noise in the cumulative condition would be associated with LAX-related land uses, roadway noise not related to the proposed project, the Crenshaw/LAX Line, and the LAMP components. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to a potential significant cumulative impact is not cumulatively considerable.

Exposure to Excessive Ground-Borne Vibration. Vibration impacts typically occur within 25 feet of the source. In the cumulative condition, the nearest sensitive receptor to the project site would be the Travelodge Hotel LAX. Neither the project site nor the projects within 25 feet of the Travelodge Hotel LAX would be located within 25 feet of the Travelodge Hotel LAX. Regarding operational activities, vibration is a localized and instantaneous effect and would not differ along Aviation Boulevard in the project or cumulative condition. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Exposure to Excessive Noise Levels Associated with Public Airports. The potential for a cumulative impact related to excessive public airport noise is site specific. The Draft EIR assessed LAX-related noise levels at the project site, which were determined to be less than significant. This potential impact would be independent of Related Projects. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Exposure to Excessive Noise Levels Associated with Private Airstrips. The proposed project and Related Projects are not within the proximity of a private airstrip. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

9.6 TRANSPORTATION AND TRAFFIC

Circulation System. Construction of the proposed project and Related Projects within the study area may include temporary intermittent lane closures, although this is unlikely to be necessary on Aviation Boulevard due to the center turn median on Aviation Boulevard. In the event of road closures due to simultaneous construction activities, the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects could result in a cumulative impact. To the extent feasible, construction management plans for both the proposed project and LAWA's LAMP will be coordinated to maintain access for nearby land uses, limit lane closures, and maintain safe and adequate pedestrian protection. For the

reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project's incremental contribution to a potential significant cumulative impact is not cumulatively considerable.

Regarding operational activities, cumulative conditions with Related Projects within the study area that affect local roadway circulation include the CONRAC, East and West ITFs, the APM, roadway improvements throughout the cumulative impact study area and collateral private development on the east side of Aviation Boulevard. This scenario analyzes the cumulative forecasted conditions for the year 2035, reflecting regional growth and transportation improvements identified in the Regional Transportation Plan, as well as the proposed projects within the study area. Cumulative conditions with and without the proposed project were used to determine traffic operations with the anticipated growth and transportation improvements in the cumulative impact study area. The cumulative condition also includes rerouted bus transit trips and passenger vehicle pickup and drop-off trips. The analysis demonstrated that there would be no exceedances of the applicable intersection traffic operations significance thresholds. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

CMP Analysis. The CMP is a state-mandated program administered by Metro's 2010 CMP that provides a mechanism for coordinating land use and development decisions. A detailed CMP analysis is not necessary because the proposed project would not add more than 150 trips to the freeway monitoring locations nor would it add more than 50 trips to the intersection monitoring locations. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Air Traffic Patterns. The proposed project and Related Projects are surface transportation and general development projects and would not change air traffic patterns. The overall intentions of the proposed project and Related Projects are to satisfy existing and future transit demand in the airport vicinity. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Traffic Hazards. None of the transportation system improvements proposed by the project would introduce new safety hazards at intersections or along roadway segments. Roadway improvements, including driveway access and crosswalks, would be designed to ensure the safety of all roadway users. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Emergency Access. Construction activity in the cumulative condition may include temporary, intermittent lane closures on adjacent streets and emergency access could slightly affect emergency access. These impacts would be negligible and temporary and the proposed project would be required to prepare a Construction Staging and Traffic Management Plan that would address traffic control and emergency access during construction. For the reasons

stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Regarding operational activities, changes to the roadway network would comply with standard engineering practices and design standards. Design elements would not increase roadway hazards or impede emergency access. There are four fire stations located in proximity to the project site, there would be no need to build a new or expand an existing fire station to serve the proposed project because the proposed project would not include a substantial new population center. In addition, the County of Los Angeles Sheriff's Department and the City of Los Angeles Police Department, including the Los Angeles Airport Police Division, would patrol the project area on a regular basis. Response times would be minimally affected by new development due largely to the fact that most officers respond to calls for service from the field and not from the station. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

Public Transit, Bicycle or Pedestrian Facilities. The proposed project and LAWA's LAMP are being developed to enhance regional bus and rail connectivity and connectivity to LAX. The Metro Hub and ITFs would link the multiple modes of transportation. The bicycle hub on the project site would accommodate up to 150 bicycles in a secure location and additional space for up to 50 bicycles would be provided for short-term parking. The LAMP would also include bicycle facilities, a multi-use path along west side of Aviation Boulevard and other bicycle network improvements. The proposed project's transport modes would connect directly via vertical circulation elements (i.e., stairs, escalators, and elevators) to an elevated mezzanine level. The elevated walkways and interconnected mezzanines would allow safe transfers between the proposed project components and the LAMP APM station. The cumulative condition would have the capacity to accommodate both the existing and future passengers, as it would have room for expanded frequency or additional lines in the future. Under the LAMP, the LAX FlyAway service may be consolidated onto the project site to provide a single location for bus transfers. For the reasons stated above, Metro finds that the proposed project combined with past, present, and reasonably probable future projects would not create a cumulative impact.

10 ALTERNATIVES AND MITIGATION MEASURES

10.1 ALTERNATIVES

Pursuant to Section 15060, a preliminary review of the proposed project was conducted and it was determined that the appropriate level of environmental review involved the preparation of an EIR. During the course of preparing this Draft EIR, it was determined that the proposed project would have no significant effects with the implementation of mitigation measures. Although the proposed project meets the criteria for the preparation of a Mitigated Negative Declaration (Section 15070), Metro decided to continue preparing the Draft EIR to facilitate greater public participation during the environmental review process. CEQA requires an analysis of alternatives to the proposed project to reduce or eliminate significant impacts

associated with project development. Alternatives were considered that would avoid or reduce potential impacts of the proposed project to a less than significant level.

As indicated previously, mitigations measures are required to reduce the proposed project's hazardous materials impact to a less-than-significant level. To avoid or substantially reduce this impact would require the relocation of the proposed project to an alternate site where there would be no or substantially reduced contamination and remediation requirements. While the proposed project's hazardous materials impact would be less than significant with mitigation; this analysis is provided to address alternate sites and avoid hazardous materials impacts without requiring mitigation or create a new impact that would not occur if the proposed project were built. In addition, the proposed project requires approximately 4.5 acres to accommodate the bus facility. As discussed in Chapter 6.0, Alternatives, of the Draft EIR, there are no viable alternate sites to provide a feasible alternate location for the proposed project. Therefore, the only alternative considered in the Draft EIR was the No Project Alternative, as discussed in Section 10.3 of this Findings of Fact.

10.2 FINDINGS FOR ENVIRONMENTALLY SUPERIOR ALTERNATIVE

CEQA Guidelines Section 15126.6 requires that an “environmentally superior” alternative be selected among the alternatives that are evaluated in the EIR. As described in the Draft EIR, the No Project Alternative has been found to have the least amount of environmental impacts and is the environmentally superior alternative. If the No Project Alternative is identified as the environmentally superior alternative, the next best environmentally superior alternative must be identified.

The degree to which an alternative meets the objectives of a proposed project is discussed as part of an alternatives analysis pursuant to CEQA. The proposed project consists of series of significant transportation elements and associated infrastructure components, including the LRT platforms, to be served by the Crenshaw/LAX Line and a service extension of the Metro Green Line, a bus plaza and terminal facility for Metro and municipal bus operators, bicycle hub with secured parking for up to 150 bicycles, pedestrian plaza, passenger vehicle pick-up and drop-off area and Metro transit center/terminal building (“Metro Hub”) that connects passengers between the various modes of transportation. These project components are intended to provide a reliable and convenient transit option to and from LAX and the regional transit system. The stated objectives of the proposed project are to provide a reliable, fast and convenient connection for passengers traveling between the LAX area and the regional bus and rail transit system; integrate with existing and future transit connections and airport facilities; and increase the share of transit trips to and from LAX with minimal impact to airport facilities and surrounding communities and to help reduce air pollution.

10.3 NO PROJECT ALTERNATIVE

The No Project Alternative is required by Section 15126.6 of the CEQA Guidelines and would not include development related to the proposed project. The proposed project site would continue to be occupied by the existing rental car facilities, CNG fueling station and towing

storage yard. The site would continue to be characterized by low-rise industrial structures (totaling approximately 19,000 square feet) and paved surfaces. The Crenshaw/LAX Line would continue to be located on the western boundary of the proposed project site.

The No Project Alternative would include a number of differences from the existing conditions analysis. Specifically, the Crenshaw/LAX Line is scheduled for completion in 2019 and will be operating with or without development of the proposed project. Also, it is reasonably foreseeable that the No Project Alternative would include the development of a bus facility at the Aviation/Century station to provide better connectivity between bus and rail transit services. The Crenshaw/LAX Line, including the Aviation/Century station, the extension of Metro's Green Line and a proposed bus facility, were studied in the Crenshaw/LAX Transit Corridor Project EIS/EIR, which was certified by the Metro Board in September 2011 and issued a Record of Decision from the Federal Transit Administration in December 2011. Therefore, impacts of the proposed bus facility at the Aviation/Century station are not included in this assessment. The bus facility at Aviation/Century station would not be built if the proposed project is built. Most importantly, the Aviation/Century station would not provide a convenient connection to other future airport development projects such as the Airport People Mover (APM) discussed in Chapter 5.0, Cumulative Impacts, of the Draft EIR.

10.4 FINDINGS FOR THE NO PROJECT ALTERNATIVE

Metro finds that specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other considerations, make infeasible the No Project Alternative identified in the Draft EIR (CEQA Guidelines Section 15091(a)(3)). Although the No Project Alternative would involve fewer environmental impacts and provide a regional transit connection to LAX through the Aviation/Century station it would not be integrated with the future APM and airport facilities included in the LAMP, as discussed in Chapter 5.0, Cumulative Impacts. Locating the bus facility at the Aviation/Century station would require patrons to walk to the proposed APM adjacent to the project site. This could require additional pedestrian and bicycle facilities along Aviation Boulevard. The project site was selected because of its strategic location and ability to link to existing and foreseeable transit projects. Therefore, despite being the environmentally superior to the proposed project, the No Project Alternative would not fully satisfy the project objectives.

10.5 FINDINGS FOR MITIGATION MEASURES

Metro has considered all of the mitigation measures recommended in the Draft EIR. None of the recommended measures that are within the Metro's jurisdiction have been rejected by Metro. To the extent that these Findings conclude that various proposed mitigation measures outlined in the Draft EIR are feasible and have not been modified, superseded or withdrawn, Metro hereby binds itself to implement or, as appropriate, require implementation of these measures. These Findings of Fact, in other words, are not merely informational, but rather constitute a binding set of obligations that will come into effect when Metro adopts a resolution approving the proposed project. The mitigation measures are referenced in the MMRP adopted concurrently with these Findings of Fact and will be effectuated through the process of constructing and implementing the proposed project.

Notice of Determination

To:

Office of Planning and Research
U.S. Mail: *Street Address:*
 P.O. Box 3044 1400 Tenth St., Rm 113
 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 Sacramento, CA 95814

County Clerk
 County of: Los Angeles
 Address: 12400 Imperial Hwy, Norwalk, CA 90650

From:

Los Angeles County Metropolitan
 Public Agency: Transportation Authority (Metro)
 Address: One Gateway Plaza
Mail Stop 99-22-3
 Contact: Cory Zelmer
 Phone: 213-922-1079

Lead Agency (if different from above):
 Address: _____
 Contact: _____
 Phone: _____

SUBJECT: Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance with Section 21108 or 21152 of the Public Resources Code.

State Clearinghouse Number (if submitted to State Clearinghouse): 2015021009

Project Title: Airport Metro Connector (AMC) 96th Street Transit Station

Project Applicant: Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro)

Project Location (include county): Los Angeles

Project Description:

This Proposed Project is located in the City of Los Angeles and adjacent to the Los Angeles International Airport. The Project will add a new Metro Rail station to the Crenshaw/LAX Line at the 96th Street and Aviation Boulevard. The Project components include three new Light Rail Transit (LRT) platforms, bus plaza, bicycle hub, passenger pick-up and drop-off area, and transit center/terminal building.

This is to advise that the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro) has approved the above
 Lead Agency or Responsible Agency

described project on December 1, 2016 and has made the following determinations regarding the above
 (date)
 described project.

1. The project [will will not] have a significant effect on the environment.
2. An Environmental Impact Report was prepared for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.
 A Negative Declaration was prepared for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.
3. Mitigation measures [were were not] made a condition of the approval of the project.
4. A mitigation reporting or monitoring plan [was was not] adopted for this project.
5. A statement of Overriding Considerations [was was not] adopted for this project.
6. Findings [were were not] made pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.

This is to certify that the final EIR with comments and responses and record of project approval, or the negative Declaration, is available to the General Public at:

www.metro.net/laxconnector and at the following libraries: City of LA Central, Westchester Loyola Village Branch, City of Inglewood, Crenshaw-Imperial Branch, El Segundo, Hawthorne, Lennox and Metro

Signature (Public Agency): _____ Title: _____

Date: _____ Date Received for filing at OPR: _____

**MOTION FROM DIRECTORS KNABE AND RIDLEY-THOMAS
ACCELERATING THE LAX/AIRPORT METRO CONNECTOR
GREEN LINE EXTENSION TO LAX**

Connecting Los Angeles International Airport (LAX) directly to the Metro Rail System is among our highest priorities. Completing an accelerated transit connection to LAX by 2019, concurrent with the planned opening of the Crenshaw/LAX Line, would show our prospective Federal funding partners and regulatory agencies that we are serious about working with them to build a transit system that makes sense and that we value a regional rail system directly connected to LAX.

Last month the MTA Board approved a preferred alternative rail connection that moves forward into the environmental review process. However, Metro's most recent Countywide Financial Forecasting Model (FY 2013-2040, Draft Short Range Financial Plan, March 13, 2014) continues to show that Metro's piece of the LAX transit connection won't be completed until 2028. We can and should do better than having the Green Line to LAX/Airport Metro Connector Project completed by 2028, an incredible 14 years from now. Working together to successfully align our planning, advocacy and funding efforts, we can reach the goal of completing the project in less than half the time.

WE, THEREFORE, MOVE THAT THE MTA BOARD:

Instruct the CEO to report back to the Board in September at the Planning and Construction Committees and at the September 25, 2014 full Board Meeting, with written details on the strategic next steps and plan to "accelerate" completion of the Green Line to LAX/Airport Metro Connector Project, for project delivery by 2019, on a timeline that complements both the Crenshaw/LAX Light Rail Project and the South Bay Green Line Extension Project, which are connected to and share the Green Line Corridor. The report is requested to include the following:

- A. A detailed action plan that includes an array of funding alternatives, formal arrangements for working with LAWA, as well as local, state, and federal partners, to fund and implement the Green Line to LAX/Airport Metro Connector Project on an accelerated schedule to deliver the project by 2019;
- B. A specific approach to advocacy efforts with relevant federal agencies including the FTA and FAA to better coordinate and align with the federal review process, including resolving any road blocks to project funding, implementation and acceleration;
- C. A detailed timeline and the specific MTA Board actions that are needed to accelerate delivery of the project including the environmental review, or other actions that may be necessary to complement, align and expedite project delivery to match the completion date of the Crenshaw/LAX Light Rail Project in 2019.

ATTACHMENT F

June 26, 2014 Board Motion

**MTA Board Meeting
June 26, 2014**

Relating to Item 65

**MOTION BY
MAYOR ERIC GARCETTI, COUNCILMEMBER MIKE BONIN, SUPERVISOR
DON KNABE & SUPERVISOR MARK RIDLEY-THOMAS**

For decades, the biggest missing piece of the transportation puzzle in Los Angeles has been a quick, convenient, and viable option for the traveling public to connect to our airport using our mass transit system. Making that connection has been a high priority for all Angelenos, who clearly made their position known by overwhelmingly supporting the construction of a direct airport connection as part of Measure R.

Several criteria are essential in evaluating the various alternatives that have been proposed for the Airport Metro Connector including cost, travel time, and interoperability with the regional network. However, given the considerable importance that the transit riders have placed on a seamless and robust airport connection, the final project will be judged largely by its ability to deliver on one critical aspect: passenger convenience.

The desire to provide an exceptional passenger experience should guide the Metro Board in designing this project. This airport connection will only be as good as the passenger experience it delivers, and the ridership numbers will largely reflect our ability to anticipate, meet, and exceed the expectations of the traveling public.

Done right, Alternative A2 (96th Street Station) could be the airport rail connection that Angelenos have longed for. It would provide a direct rail connection that will not only help address the ground transportation challenges at LAX, but also continue to expand MTA's regional transportation network, and has the potential to provide a world-class passenger experience to the traveling public.

The 96th Street Station can be the new "front door" to LAX for transit riders, and MTA and LAWA should work together and think imaginatively to meet and exceed the needs of the traveling public, and create a robust, visionary transit facility.

WE THEREFORE MOVE THAT the MTA Board of Directors adopt and direct the Chief Executive Officer to do the following:

1. Develop the 96th Street Station, in consultation with LAWA, using the following design guidelines:
 - a. Enclosed facility
 - b. Integrated APM/Light Rail station, minimizing walk distances
 - c. Concourse areas
 - d. LAX airline check-in with flight information boards
 - e. Station restrooms
 - f. Free public WiFi & device charging areas
 - g. Private vehicle drop-off area, and taxi stand
 - h. Pedestrian plaza with landscaping and street furniture
 - i. Metro Bike Hub with parking, a bike repair stand and bike pump, showers, lockers, controlled access and 24-hour security cameras
 - j. Retail (food/beverage and convenience)
 - k. L.A. visitor info and LAX info kiosk
 - l. Connectivity to Manchester Square and surrounding areas, including walkways
 - m. At a minimum, LEED Silver certification
 - n. Public art installation
 - o. Other amenities for airport travelers, including currency exchange and bank/ATM machines
 - p. Passenger safety

2. Report back at the September 2014 MTA Board meeting, in consultation with LAWA, with a review of baggage check amenities that are available at other transportation centers that serve major airports, including an assessment of the feasibility of offering baggage check at the proposed 96th Street Station.
3. Procure a qualified architectural firm to design the station as described under no. 1 above.
4. Provide quarterly updates, in coordination with LAWA staff, including, but not limited to, on the development of the 96th Street Station, the Intermodal Transportation Facility and Automated People Mover, of the following:
 - a. Design
 - b. Schedule
 - c. Cost Estimates
5. Report back at the September 2014 MTA Board meeting with a conceptual and station design approach plan as described above, and provide quarterly updates on implementation progress thereafter; and
6. Instruct the CEO to work with LAWA and the Board of Airport Commissioners to obtain their written commitment to construct and operate an automated people mover connecting the airport's central terminal area to a planned Metro Rail Station, and to report back at next month's (July 2014) Planning and Programming and Construction Committees, and at Committees each month thereafter until this written commitment is obtained, in order to ensure that the light rail connection to LAX that was promised to the voters in Measure R becomes a reality.